



EVs and Energy Affordability

*Information and Technical Assistance for
Utility Consumer Advocates*

February 4, 2026

RMI is a global, independent nonprofit organization of over 600 diverse experts working to accelerate the clean energy transition. We are transforming the global energy system to secure a clean, prosperous, zero-carbon future for all.



Agenda

Resources for Consumer Advocates

- Grid planning,
- Analytical tools,
- Focused research,
- Case studies,

Advocate – Utility Convenings

- Jan 2026 convening report out,
- Learnings and next steps,

Webinar Series

- Four upcoming webinars,
- ***First webinar February 26!***

Technical Assistance

- Types of support available:
- Analytical capacity-building,
- Targeted TA,



Resources For Advocates

RMI conducts research, hosts dialogues, and develops tools to answer a variety of related questions.

Today we'll spotlight

RM Alliance for Transportation Electrification

Taking Charge
Preparing the Grid for Rapid EV Load Growth

Tuesday, July 16th | 12:20 – 1:50pm
Room: Coral AB

Join RMI and ATE for a lunch discussion of how to prepare the grid for the coming wave of electric vehicles.

Speakers

Phil Jones, Alliance for Transportation Electrification
Lynn Ames, General Motors
Ben Shapiro, RMI
Michael Manly, NAUCLA, MA Dept. of Attorney General
Jack Hill, Road Storage

This event is not sponsored by NARUC nor is it a part of the official NARUC agenda.

| | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| <p>Strategic Approaches to Grid Planning for EVs</p> | <p>Analytical Tools to Understand Impacts & Opportunities</p> | <p>Case Studies of Evolving State Practices & Opportunities</p> | <p>Focused Research on Proactive Investment</p> |

RM

Ahead of the Curve: Utility Planning for an Electrified Transportation Future

REPORT | AUGUST 2023

RM

How to Leverage Cost Allocation to Enable Rapid and Affordable Electrification For All

Emerging Case Studies from Distribution Planning Practices

RM

Transportation electrification building blocks

Practical guidance for regulators and utilities to strategically plan for rapid electric vehicle load growth

OCTOBER 2024

RM

Electrification 101: Enabling Truck Charging with Flexible Service Connections

How small shifts in charging schedules can enable faster trucking electrification and lower costs for both fleets and utilities.

November 13, 2023

By Gerard Weatheroff, Noelle Sanders, Nick Potts

PROACTIVE INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK

TECHNICAL AND REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

DECEMBER 2023

@charged



Strategic Approaches to Grid Planning for EVs

Profile: *Transportation Electrification Building Blocks*

A stakeholder-informed, sequential set of “building blocks” to help answer critical EV-grid planning questions.

KEY QUESTIONS

- 1** What do we need?
How much infrastructure and where?
- 2** How can we efficiently meet that need?
- 3** How do we get there?
What changes are required to efficiently meet the need?

BUILDING BLOCKS



How regulators can plan against long-term EV market expectations

Utility actions (From previous slide)

- 1 Identify appropriate EV adoption forecasts
- 2 Develop transportation electrification plans

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| <p>1</p> <p>Set grid planning guidance</p> <p>Issue guidance clarifying which vehicle electrification targets should be included in utility plans. Work with utilities and other stakeholders to align on both the long-term vehicle forecast (number of EVs, by vehicle segment) and the pace of market growth (shape of adoption curve).</p> | <p>2</p> <p>Establish and track desired outcomes</p> <p>Require that utility TE planning link to the appropriate external targets. In turn based on market growth expectations. TE planning should also be explicitly tied to investment plans in rate cases and other utility planning processes.</p> | <p>1 2</p> <p>Approve appropriate utility investments</p> <p>Require utility proposals to include monitoring and reporting progress of new asset deployment to support EV load growth, potentially tied to carefully designed performance incentive mechanisms.</p> <p>Establish metrics for EV service connections to track progress against TE plans.</p> |
|--|--|---|

How regulators can align grid connection with customer needs

Utility actions (From previous slides)

- 1 Publish hosting capacity maps
- 2 Digitalization and data sharing
- 3 Streamline connection processes
- 4 Standardize connection options and develop flexible interconnection offerings
- 5 Increase utility staff capacity
- 6 Develop equipment stockpiles

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| <p>1 2 3 4</p> <p>Set grid planning guidance</p> <p>Require publication and regular updating of high quality hosting capacity maps.</p> <p>Encourage increased use of detailed utility asset and operational data in planning exercises.</p> <p>Direct utilities to develop standard grid connection and flexible interconnection options.</p> | <p>3 4</p> <p>Establish and track desired outcomes</p> <p>Establish maximum timelines for grid connections, potentially tied to carefully designed performance incentives.</p> | <p>2 3 4 5 6</p> <p>Approve appropriate utility investments</p> <p>Review utility proposals to ensure practices are in place to improve grid connection processes and timelines, including use of alternatives such as flexible interconnection.</p> <p>Enable reasonable utility stockpiling of critical electrical equipment to reduce grid upgrade timelines, based on best available load forecasts (building block #2).</p> |
|--|--|--|

Source: [Transportation Electrification Building Blocks](#) (RMI, 2024)

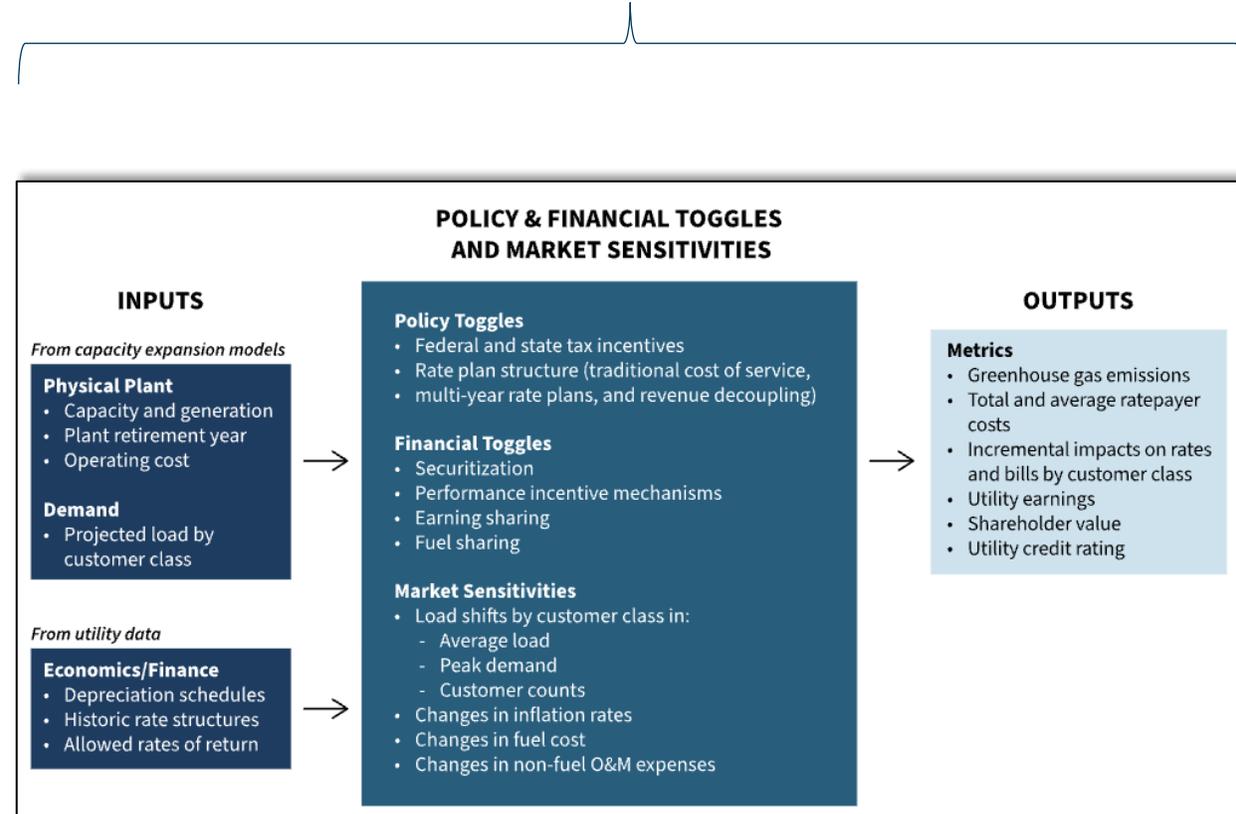
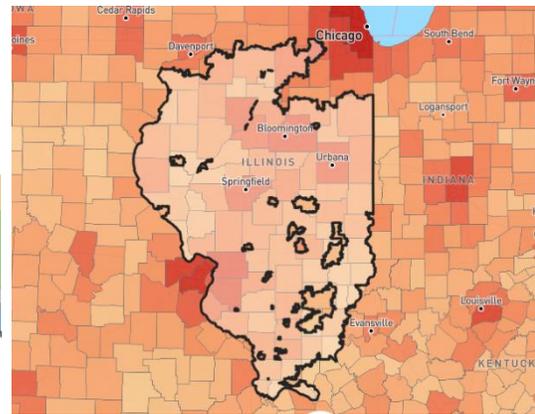
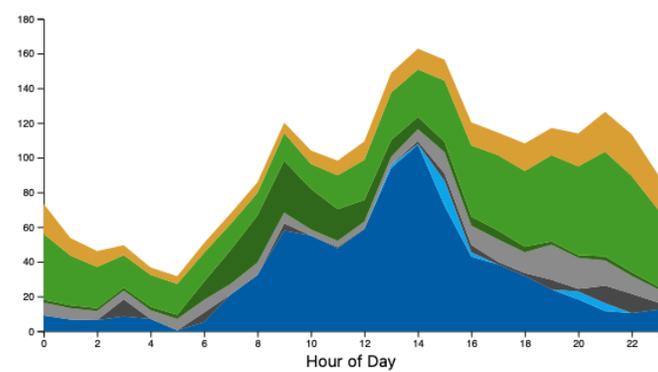
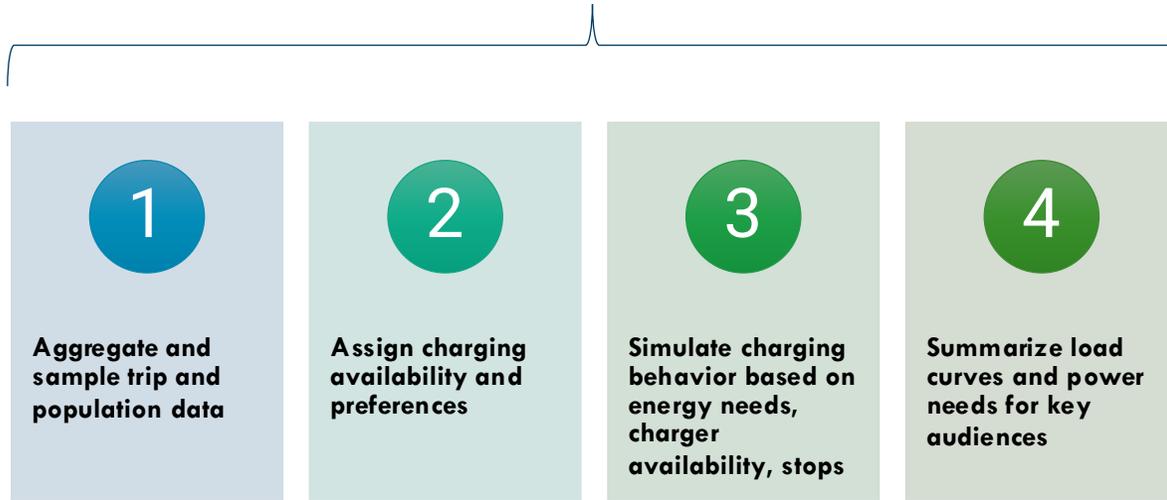
Analytical Tools to Understand Impacts & Opportunities



Profile: *GridUp EV Load Forecasting*

+

Optimus Ratepayer Impact Analysis

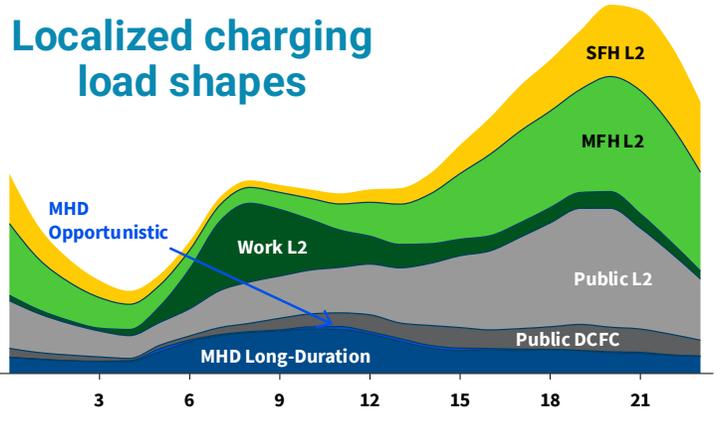


Enhanced load forecasting

Localized travel data from GridUp is enabling high resolution estimates of grid needs.

1

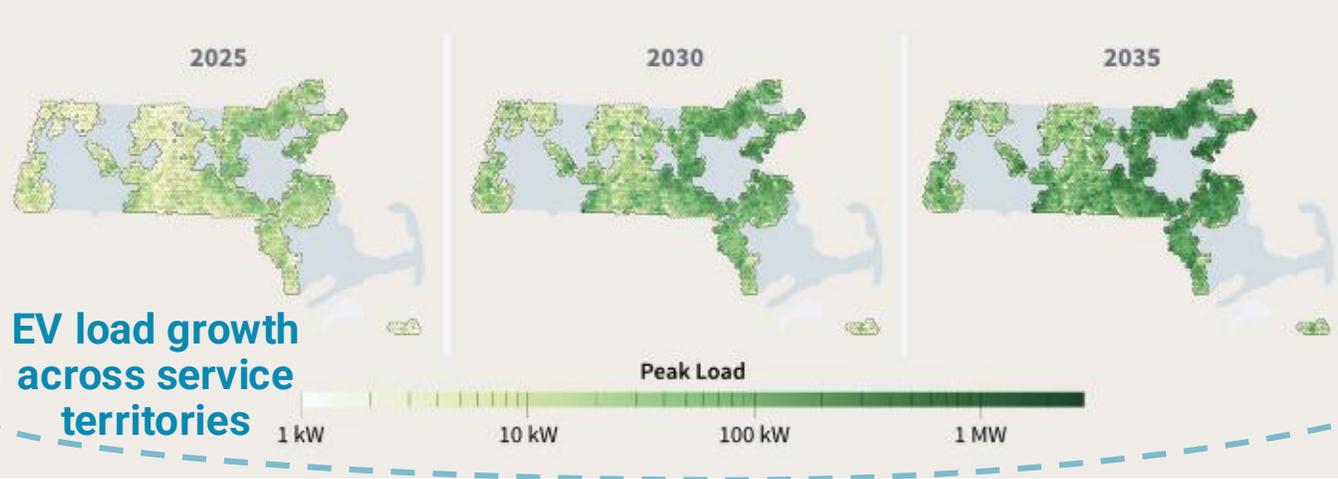
Localized charging load shapes



SFH: Single Family Home | MFH: Multifamily Home | L2: Level 2
DCFC: DC Fast Charger | MHD: Medium-/Heavy-Duty

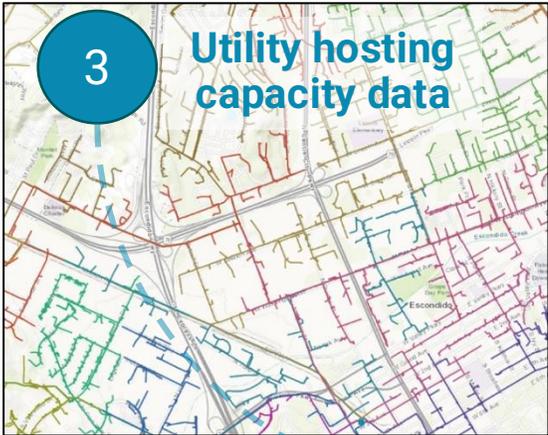
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EV load growth across service territories



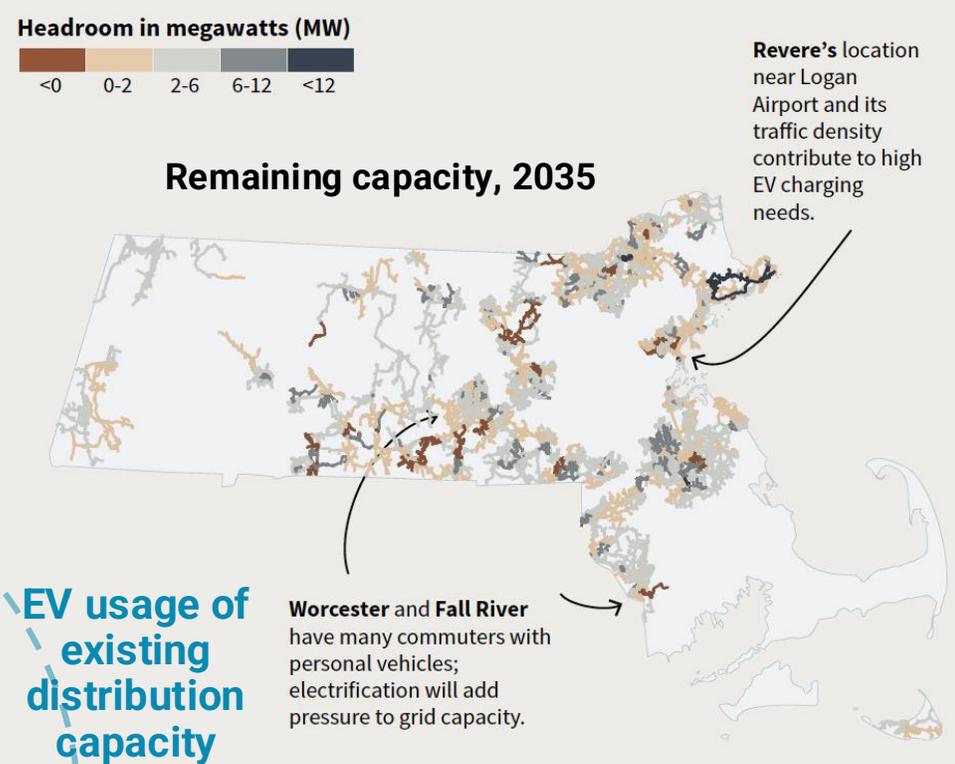
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Utility hosting capacity data



Headroom in megawatts (MW)
<0 0-2 2-6 6-12 <12

Remaining capacity, 2035

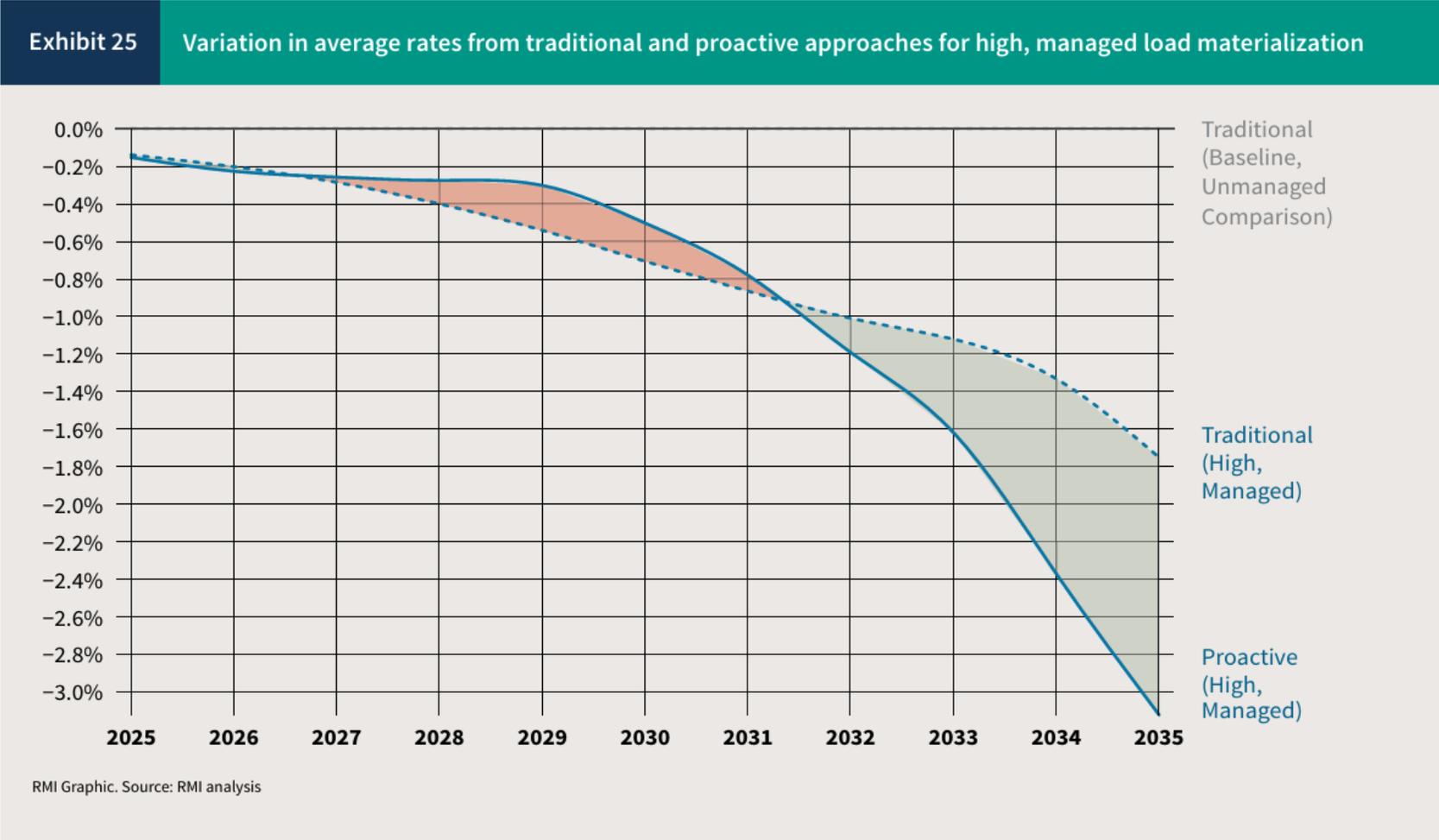


EV usage of existing distribution capacity

4

Sources: Ahead of the Curve: Utility Planning for an Electrified Transportation Future (RMI, 2025); GridUp; IREC (hosting capacity image).

Rate impacts analysis for an illustrative IOU highlights savings potential from both load management and proactive investment.



Case Studies of Evolving State Practices & Opportunities

Profile: *How to Leverage Cost Allocation to Enable Rapid and Affordable Electrification for All*



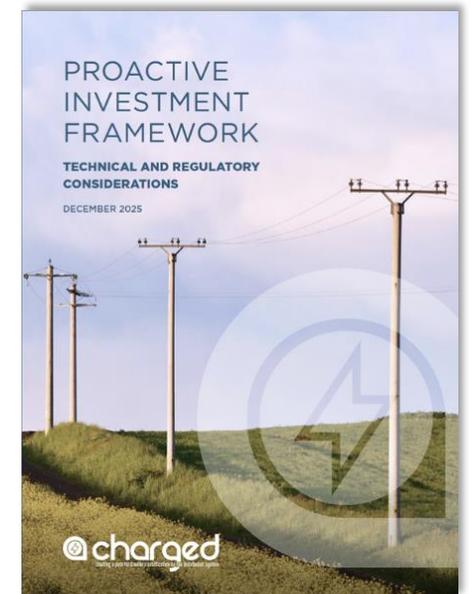
- **General Paradigm:** Proactive grid upgrades are necessary, and cost allocation can accelerate the process and distribute benefits and costs fairly.
- **State of some States**
 - Massachusetts:
 - Proactive Hosting Capacity Fee to replace project-specific upgrade charges
 - To watch: Will it be “free after full”?
 - Minnesota:
 - \$/kWac fee for customers benefiting from proactive upgrades
 - To watch: What will the true split of fee customers vs ratebase in paying for upgrades
 - New York:
 - No new cost allocation framework, cost allocation will be done using existing rate case processes utility by utility
 - To watch: Will the benefits of flexibility outweigh the costs in efficiency and staff time



Focused Research on Proactive Investment

Profile: *CHARGED Proactive Investment Framework*

- This framework is unique as it is not location specific,
- The framework explores risks and opportunities associated with proactive investment, and outlines options for developing a framework. This includes:
 - Key considerations for framework design,
 - Identifying and assessing the appropriateness of proactive investments,
 - Regulatory approval, cost recovery, and risk management,
 - Cost allocation.





Questions on Resources?



Consumer Advocate – Utility Convenings

Proactive Distribution System Investment



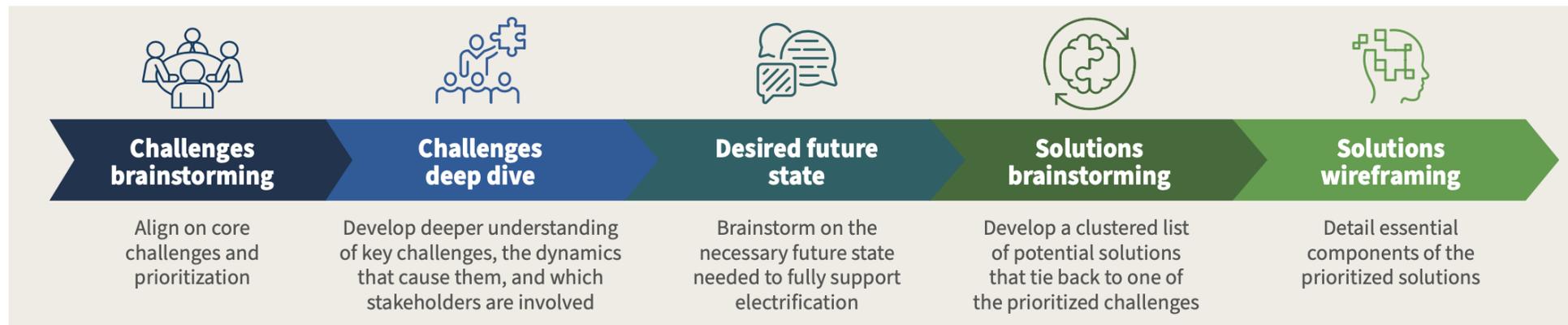
Motivation

Discussions of proactive distribution system investment are increasing, but consumer advocates remain underrepresented in this dialogue. How can we help correct that imbalance?

March 2025 Convening

Proactive Distribution Planning & Investment: *Opportunities for increased collaboration between electric utilities and consumer advocates*

- Attendees: 8 consumer advocates, 3 electric utilities,
- Challenges identified across 8 categories, with 40 potential solutions brainstormed,
- Solutions wireframing focused on:
 - Increased Capacity and Knowledge,
 - Developing a Framework for Net Transportation Electrification Impacts in Planning,
 - Building Value Propositions and Frameworks for Data Sharing,
 - Developing More Equitable Risk Sharing



January 2026 Convening (last week)

Proactive Distribution Planning & Investment: *Recent Regulatory Frameworks and Consumer Advocate Perspectives*

Objectives

-  Delve further into **growing trend toward proactive distribution investment**,
-  Gather **broader perspective** on specific, recently proposed or adopted approaches to proactive investment,
-  Identify further opportunities to **promote electricity rate affordability** while also supporting the **growth of transportation electrification**.

Goal: Conclude convening with a menu of parameters and practices consumer advocates would like to see in proactive investment frameworks if/as they scale.

January 2026 Convening Attendees

Facilitators



Consumer Advocates



Four States
Represented

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
OF STATE UTILITY
CONSUMER ADVOCATES

NASUCA

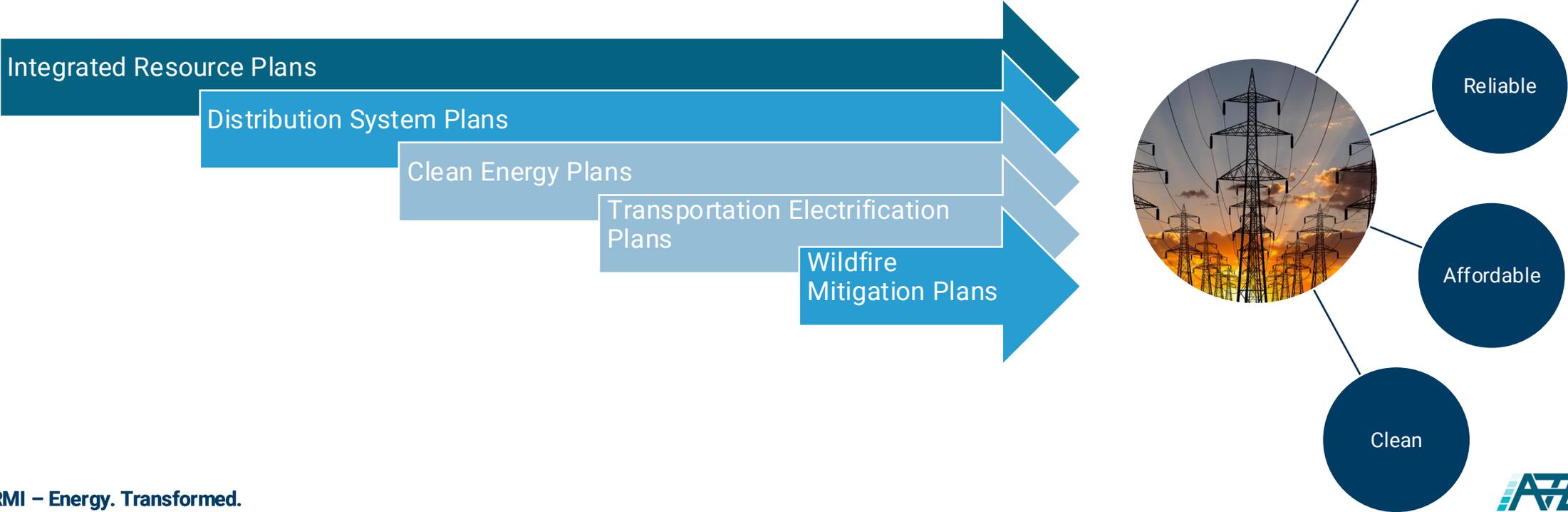


Utilities



Two Utilities
Represented

Utilities are in the business of planning and then investing based on those plans. In times of low load growth, the pace has been sufficient to meet incremental needs.



Proactive investment is based on bottom-up analysis rather than top-down forecasts or “known” load from a customer service application (load letter).

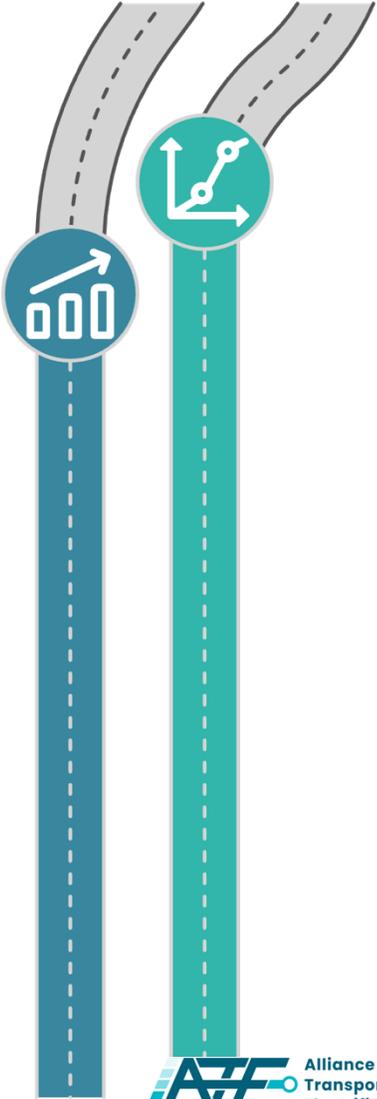
“Proactive investments [are] those that are deployed *ahead of* certain load growth. These may include investments to serve new loads ahead of the utility receiving a load letter, as well as investments deployed to serve expected load growth that do not target an existing system constraint.”

Traditional and proactive investment strategies entail different forms of risk.

| Traditional | Proactive |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Delayed energization • Revenue loss • Fossil fuel tech lock-in • Missed policy goals • Unsuitable investments (incremental) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stranded assets • Inappropriate cost allocation • Unsuitable investments (choices locked in) |

Rationale for Investment

| Traditional | Proactive |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Maintain reliability | Avoid energization delays |
| Repair/replace (old) equipment | Promote long-term affordability (building once) |
| Serve <u>established</u> load growth | Serve both <u>established</u> and <u>nascent</u> load growth |

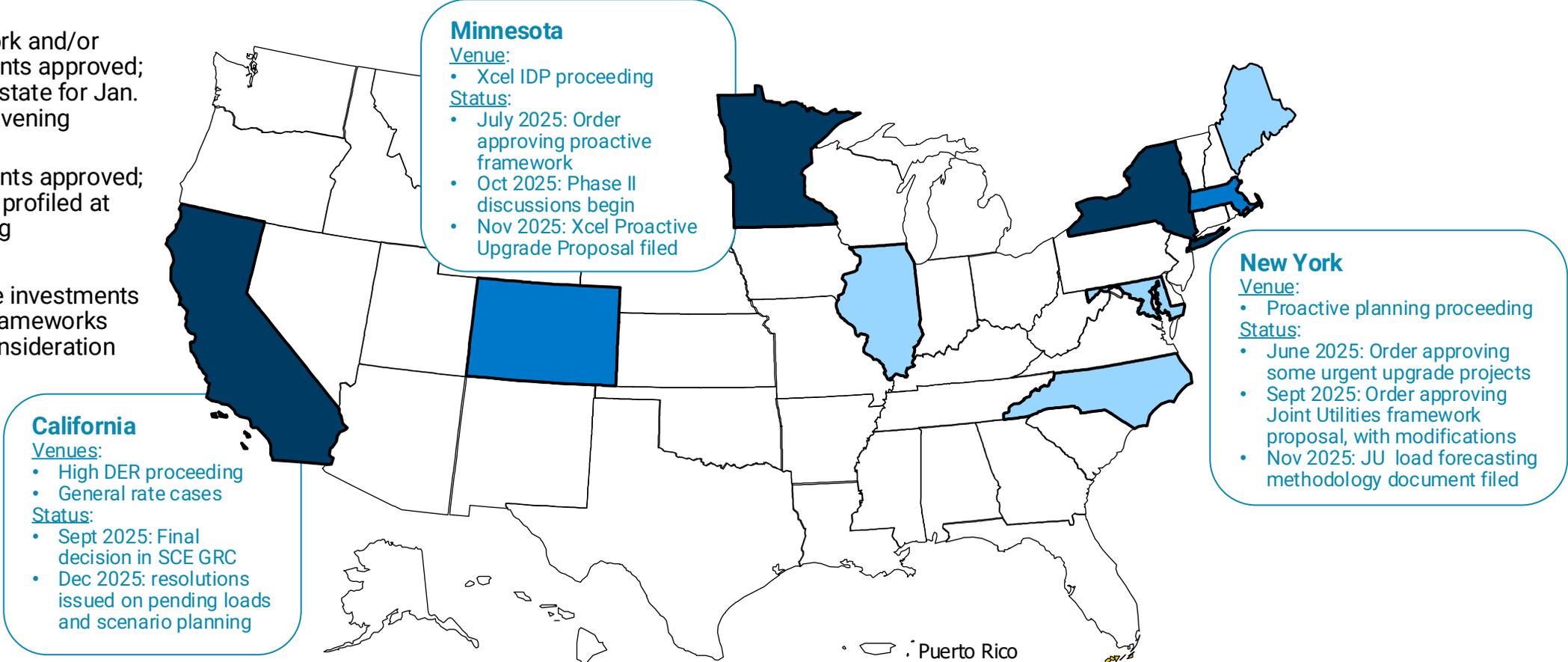


Source: Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Unlocking Load Growth at the Grid Edge: Practices for Managing, Recovering, and Allocating Distribution System Investments, Jan 2025

Adapted from RAP, NARUC 2026 (forthcoming): Proactive Investment Strategies that Support Transportation Electrification

Proactive investments have been approved in states across the country, with proceedings underway in additional states.

- Framework and/or investments approved; example state for Jan. 2026 convening
- Investments approved; state not profiled at convening
- Proactive investments and/or frameworks under consideration



Convening structure aimed to follow key utility and regulatory process steps (“components”).

1) Load Forecasting



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graph TD; A[1) Load Forecasting] --> B[2) Upgrade Portfolio Development]; B --> C[3) Cost Recovery Venue]; C --> D[4) Cost Allocation Determination]; D --> E[5) Evaluation & Process Iteration];
```

2) Upgrade Portfolio Development

3) Cost Recovery Venue

4) Cost Allocation Determination

5) Evaluation & Process Iteration

Initial Reflections

Takeaways

Open Questions

Load Forecasting

"Normal" forecasting window - now longer?

What level of "certainty" is appropriate? Which data?

Potential to scale CA approach (pending loads, scenarios)

Opportunities to boost customer commitment?

Upgrade Portfolio Development

Key differentiation in portfolio vs. project-by-project regulatory approach.

Project-by-project approach – scalable?

Approach here cascades into cost recovery, allocation questions

Where to draw line between proactive and traditional? How does this change approval process?

Cost Recovery Venue

Distinct approaches across states flows largely from approach to project- vs. portfolio-level

Real questions re: how alternative approaches would work in practice

Strong interest in alternative recovery approaches (e.g., AFUDC, CWIP, deferred accounting)

How can (should) cost recovery integrate comparative analysis between forecasted load and performance metrics?

Cost Allocation Determination

No such thing as a perfect approach – compromise required

Who bears what risk, and for how long, remain key questions

Allocating costs to uncertain sources of load requires new thinking

Fundamental question re: whether utilities should be taking on more risk

Likely benefit in future work to determine expected (risk-adjusted) value to different parties

What is the balance to encourage utilities to invest while also taking new risk?

Evaluation & Process Iteration

Separating framework development from reporting metric conversations may prove useful

What metrics determine success and keep utilities accountable?

Need for better tracking of grid / asset utilization over time

How should load forecasts be assessed retroactively?

Opportunity to learn from early movers (NY, MN, CA, MA, CO)

What is the "right" level of utility reporting?



Webinar Series

Audience Poll Question

What topics would you be most interested in for a webinar (select all that apply):

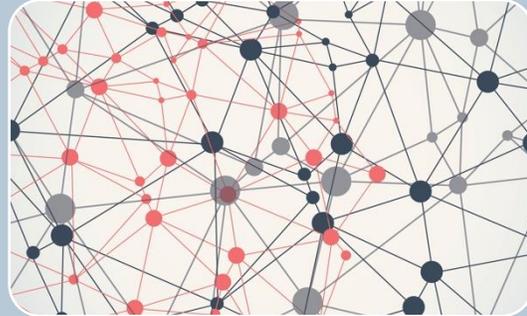
1. EVs as a grid resource
2. Using forecasting and data tools to support better grid planning
3. Evaluating investment timing and rate impacts
4. Peer exchange on navigating grid planning challenges



Webinar Series



EVs as a Grid Resource:
Balancing Opportunities, Risks, and Uncertainties



No Crystal Ball:
Using Forecasting and Data Tools to Support Better Grid Planning



Measure Twice, Cut Once:
Evaluating Investment Timing and Rate Impacts



Collaborating for Solutions:
Peer Exchange on Navigating Grid Planning Challenges

EV's as a Grid Resource

Webinar 1: Feb 26

Objective

- Explore how EVs can contribute towards maintaining grid affordability and stability when integrated strategically, while recognizing the uncertainties and challenges involved in planning for rapid adoption.

Topics Covered

- EV load characteristics, possible impacts, and potential to serve as a flexible, distributed grid resource.
- High-level overview of recent analyses (e.g., NRDC, Synapse) on EVs' impacts on rates and system costs.
- Key conditions required for EVs to deliver grid benefits: managed charging, supportive rate design, and infrastructure readiness.
- Understanding uncertainty: planning amid variable adoption rates and technology changes.
- Discussion: What does “good grid planning” look like in this evolving landscape?

No Crystal Ball

Webinar 2: End of March

Objective:

- Introduce advocates to analytical tools and data platforms that help anticipate EV adoption and load growth, manage uncertainty, and guide smarter, risk-aware planning decisions.

Topics Covered:

- The importance of bottom-up EV load forecasting in grid planning.
- Introduction and demonstration of RMI's GridUp and other data-driven tools, as well as examples of utility transportation electrification plans.
- How forecasting can inform investment timing, location, and scale.
- Managing uncertainty through scenario analysis and risk-sharing approaches.
- Q&A/Discussion: How advocates can use these insights to engage more effectively with utilities and regulators.

Measure Twice, Cut Once

Webinar 3: End of April

Objective:

- Examine the quantitative implications of different investment approaches – proactive and traditional - on rates, equity, and reliability, helping advocates understand and assess trade-offs in timing and scale of grid investments.

Topics Covered:

- Modelling results comparing proactive vs. traditional grid investments.
- How managed vs. unmanaged charging affects infrastructure costs and rate outcomes.
- Impacts of varying EV adoption scenarios (low, moderate, high).
- Strategies for sharing risk between utilities and customers amid uncertainty.
- Discussion: How can advocates evaluate whether proposed investments are “right-sized” and equitable?

Collaborating for Solutions

Webinar 4: Early June

Objective:

- Foster peer-to-peer learning and dialogue among advocates and experts, highlighting experiences, best practices, and emerging strategies for addressing the challenges of EV-driven grid planning.

Topics Covered:

- Recap of key takeaways from previous sessions.
- Case study examples from advocates and technical experts working on effective planning for EVs.
- Open discussion: barriers, opportunities, and new approaches to engagement.
- Q&A with experts to deepen understanding and share diverse perspectives.
- Identifying areas for continued collaboration and learning across the advocacy network.



Technical Assistance

Audience Poll Question

Do you have a current or upcoming problem you can address using technical assistance from an expert on the topics you've heard today?

- 1. Yes**
- 2. No**
- 3. I'd like to know more**



Technical Assistance (TA) Offerings

Analytical Capacity-Building

- **Training sessions** on EV forecasting, comparing utility forecasts, anticipating potential distribution system upgrade needs, and evaluating the need for proposed infrastructure investments. (*Using RMI's GridUp tool*)
- **Sharing relevant data**, visualizations, and analytical summaries from RMI's tools and reports to inform comments, testimony, or strategy.

Targeted Support

- **Quantifying the ratepayer impacts** of utility planning proposals
 - E.g., rate impacts of proactive distribution investments on different customer classes under various electrification scenarios (*Using RMI's Optimus tool*)
- **Support reviewing utility distribution plans**, load forecasts, grid upgrade proposals, or cost allocation methodologies.
- **Support preparing discovery questions**, technical comments, or expert testimony.

Thank you!

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